



# RAMA UNIVERSITY

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## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

BCS-501    Operating System

Lecturer-31

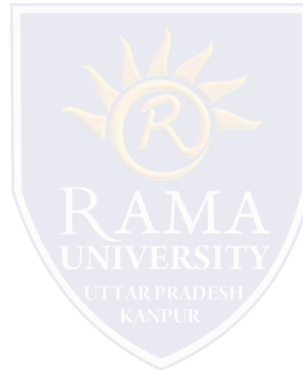
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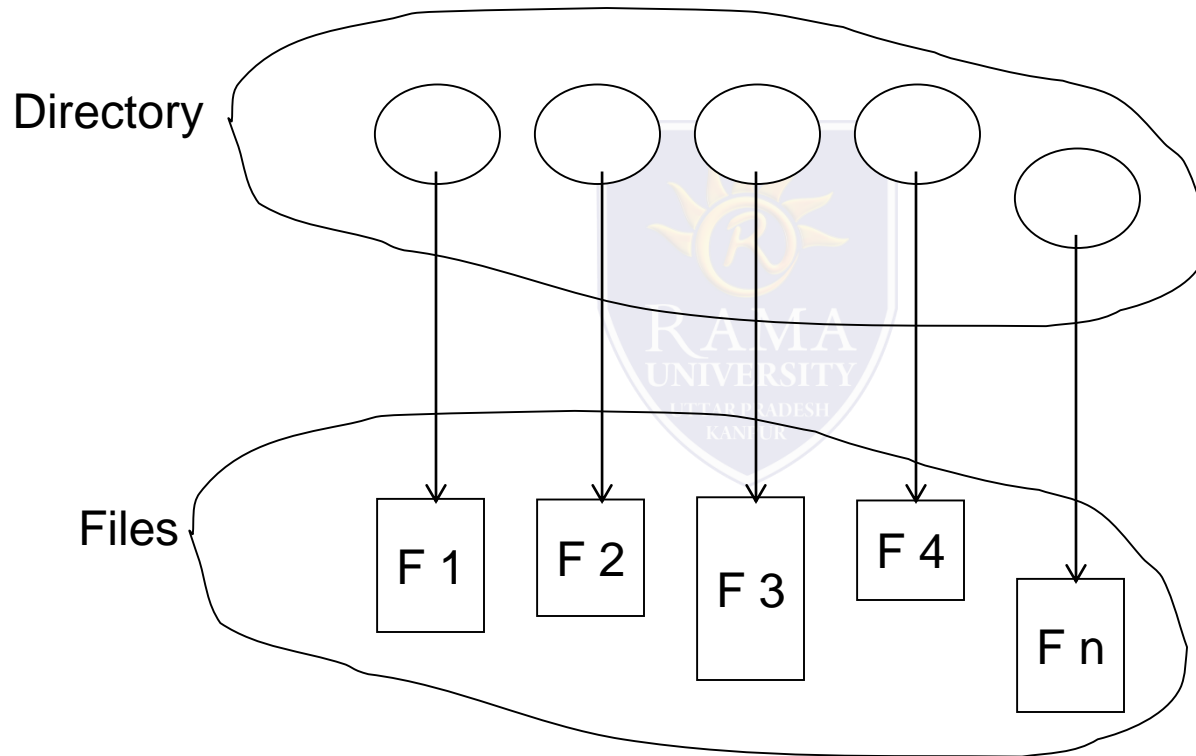
# File-system

- **Directory Structure**
- **Disk Structure**
- **File-system Organization**
- **Types of File Systems**



# Directory Structure

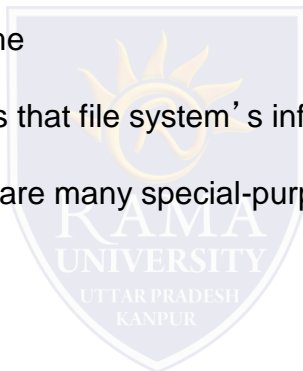
- A collection of nodes containing information about all files



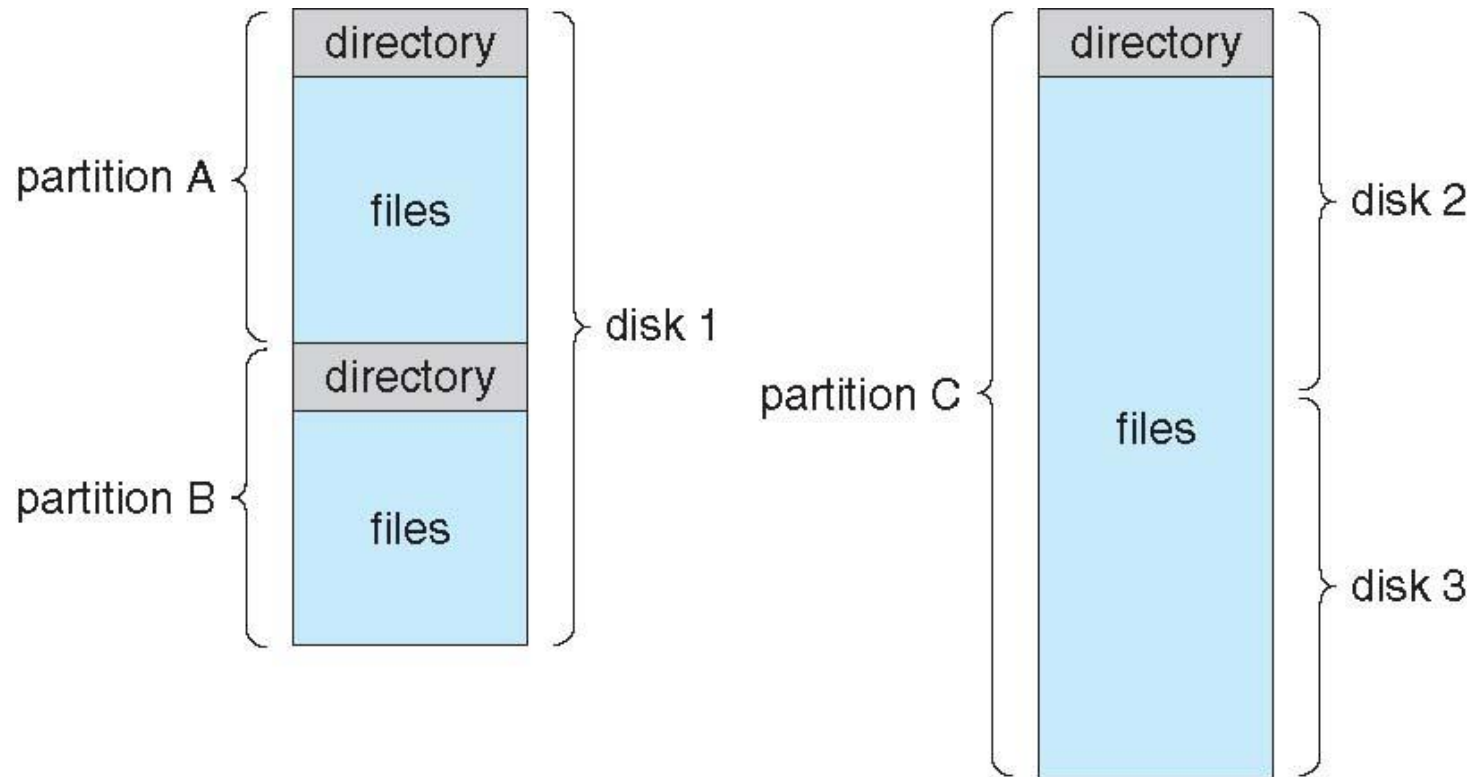
Both the directory structure and the files reside on disk

# Disk Structure

- Disk can be subdivided into partitions
- Disks or partitions can be RAID protected against failure
- Disk or partition can be used raw – without a file system, or formatted with a file system
- Partitions also known as minidisks, slices
- Entity containing file system known as a volume
- Each volume containing file system also tracks that file system's info in device directory or volume table of contents
- As well as general-purpose file systems there are many special-purpose file systems, frequently all within the same operating system or computer

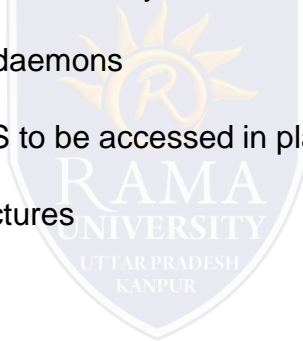


# File-system Organization



# Types of File Systems

- We mostly talk of general-purpose file systems
- But systems frequently have many file systems, some general- and some special- purpose
- Consider Solaris has....
  - tmpfs – memory-based volatile FS for fast, temporary I/O
  - objfs – interface into kernel memory to get kernel symbols for debugging
  - cdfs – contract file system for managing daemons
  - lofs – loopback file system allows one FS to be accessed in place of another
  - procfs – kernel interface to process structures
  - ufs, zfs – general purpose file systems



An alternative is to organize the sequential file physically is a .....

- A) List
- B) Linked List
- C) Queue
- D) Stack

What is the memory from 1K - 640K called ?

- A. Memory
- B. Normal Memory
- C. Low Memory
- D. Conventional Memory



..... are small fixed portions which provide greater flexibility which may require large tables or complex structures for their allocation.

- A) Blocks
- B) Columns
- C) Segments
- D) Partitions

Directories, pricing tables, schedules and name lists are the examples of .....

- A) Indexed files
- B) Direct files
- C) Sequential files
- D) Indexed Sequential files

An interactive user or a process has associated with pathname is a current directory which is often referred to as the .....

- A) update directory
- B) list directory
- C) working directory
- D) create directory

